

Testimony in Support  
of  
New Jersey Assembly No. 4902  
in the  
Assembly Environment, Natural Resources & Solid Waste Committee

January 27, 2025

Dear Chair Kennedy, Vice-Chair Sumter, and Members of the New Jersey Assembly Environment, Natural Resources & Solid Waste Committee,

The Flexible Packaging Association (FPA) is **strongly supportive of A4902 (Spearman)**, which would direct the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection to conduct a statewide needs assessment for the recycling of packaging products.

### **I. Background on FPA and Flexible Packaging**

FPA represents flexible packaging manufacturers and suppliers to the industry in the U.S. Flexible packaging represents \$42.9 billion in annual sales; is the second largest, and fastest-growing segment of the packaging industry; and employs approximately 85,000 workers in the United States. Flexible packaging is produced from paper, plastic, film, aluminum foil, or any combination of these materials, and includes bags, pouches, labels, liners, wraps, rollstock, and other flexible products.

These are products that you and I use every day—including hermetically sealed food and beverage products such as cereal, bread, frozen meals, infant formula, and juice, as well as sterile health and beauty items and pharmaceuticals, such as aspirin, shampoo, feminine hygiene products, and disinfecting wipes. Even packaging for pet food uses flexible packaging to deliver fresh and healthy meals to a variety of animals. Flexible packaging is also used for medical device packaging to ensure that the products packaged, like diagnostic tests, IV solutions and sets, syringes, catheters, intubation tubes, isolation gowns, and other personal protective equipment maintain their sterility and efficacy at the time of use. Trash and medical waste receptacles use can liners to manage business, institutional, medical, and household waste. Carry-out and take-out food containers and e-commerce delivery, which became increasingly important during the pandemic, are also heavily supported by the flexible packaging industry.

Thus, FPA and its members are particularly interested in solving the plastic waste issue and increasing the recycling of solid waste from packaging. FPA commends Assemblyman Spearman, Assemblywoman Collazos-Gill, and Assemblyman Calabrese for their work on this data-driven approach to packaging extended producer responsibility (EPR).

Flexible packaging is in a unique situation as one of the most environmentally sustainable packaging types from the standpoint of water and energy consumption, product-to-package ratio, transportation efficiency, food waste, and greenhouse gas emissions reduction standpoint. But circularity options are limited. There is no single solution that can be applied to all communities when it comes to the best way to collect, sort, and process flexible packaging at its end of life. Viability is influenced by existing equipment and infrastructure; material collection methods and rates; volume and mix; and demand for the recovered material. Single-material flexible packaging, which is approximately half of the flexible packaging waste generated, can be mechanically recycled through store drop-off programs, however, end markets are scarce. The other half can be used to generate new feedstock, through pyrolysis and gasification.

Developing end-of-life solutions for flexible packaging is a work in progress, and FPA is partnering with manufacturers, recyclers, retailers, waste management companies, brand owners, and other organizations to continue making strides toward total packaging recovery. Some examples include The Recycling Partnership (TRP); the Materials Recovery for the Future (MRFF) project; the Hefty® ReNew® Program; and Consortium for Waste Circularity; and the Flexible Film Recycling Alliance (FFRA). All these programs seek to increase the collection and recycling of flexible packaging. Also, increasing the recycled content of new products, including packaging, will not only create markets for the products, but will also serve as a policy driver for the creation of a new collection, sortation, and processing infrastructure for the valuable materials that make up flexible packaging.

It is FPA's position that a suite of options is needed to address the lack of infrastructure for non-readily recyclable packaging materials, and promotion and support of market development for recycled products is an important lever to build that infrastructure. FPA also supports well-crafted packaging EPR that can be used to promote this needed shift in recycling in the U.S. In fact, FPA worked with the Product Stewardship Institute (PSI) and jointly drafted a set of principles to guide EPR for flexible packaging (<https://www.flexpack.org/end-of-packaging-life>). The dialogue looked at the problems and opportunities for EPR to address the needs of the flexible packaging industry to reach full circularity.

It is with this background that FPA provides this testimony to support the needs assessment approach included in A4902.

## **II. FPA Strongly Supports System-Wide Approach and Material Neutrality**

As manufacturers that rely on paper, plastic, and aluminum to tailor modern packaging to the products being packaged, FPA's members rely on an unbiased set of metrics to determine the best material for the job. A4902 directs the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to collect data on all collection systems for packaging in the state and report on the processing capacity for each packaging in an unbiased manner. This egalitarian approach to material data will allow packaging producers to tailor investments to the unique needs of New Jersey should an EPR program for packaging eventually be enacted in the state. Further, by allowing performance goals to be based on existing infrastructure and rates, the bill's authors have paved the way for transformational infrastructure investment when EPR is enacted.

## **III. A Note on Alternative Collection**

Flexible packaging is primarily collected at store drop-off locations throughout the state of New Jersey due to the general lack of curbside recycling for flexible packaging, including through initiatives like the Hefty ReNew program. Also, FPA is a founding member of the Flexible Film Recycling Alliance (FFRA), which hosts a store drop-off locator for flexibles that include several locations in New Jersey. Should A4902 be enacted, FPA stands ready to assist DEP's selected consultant by providing data on existing collection infrastructure.

## **VII. Conclusion and Next Steps**

For the reasons above, FPA strongly supports A4902. We look forward to working with you to provide the necessary investment in new infrastructure and markets for all packaging, including flexible packaging. In advance, thank you for your consideration. If we can provide further information or answer any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me at (443) 534-3771 or [jrichard@flexpack.org](mailto:jrichard@flexpack.org).

Respectfully,



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